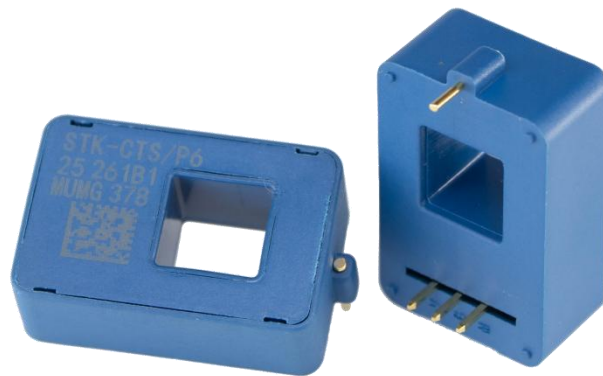


Current Sensor

Product Series: STK-CTS/P

Part number: STK-25CTS/P6, STK-32CTS/P6
STK-40CTS/P6

Version: V1.3



Sinomags Technology Co., Ltd

Web site : www.sinomags.com

CONTENT

1.	Description.....	2
2.	Electrical data STK-25CTS/P6.....	3
3.	Electrical data STK-32CTS/P6.....	4
4.	Electrical data STK-40CTS/P6.....	5
5.	Frequency band width.....	6
6.	Response time & noise with typical circuit.....	6
7.	Frequency delay performace.....	7
8.	STK-CTS/P6 Dimensions & Pins & Footprint.....	8

1. Description

The STK-CTS/P series current sensor is based on open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions.

Typical applications

- AC Variable speed drives
- Electric welder power supply
- Inverter
- Switched model power supplies (SMPS)

General parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Working temperature	T _A	°C	-40 ~ 105
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	°C	-40 ~ 105
Mass	m	g	10

Remark 1: The product will not be damaged when used at 105 °C

Absolute maximum rating

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	V	6
ESD rating (HBM)	U _{ESD}	kV	4

Remark 2: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

Isolation parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
RMS voltage for AC test 50Hz/1 min	U _d	kV	4	
Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μs	Ū _w	kV	6	
Clearance distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cl}	mm	> 8	Space shortest distance
Creepage distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cp}	mm	> 8	Shortest distance along the body
Shell material			V0 according to UL 94	

2. Electrical data STK-25CTS/P6

Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary nominal current	I_{pn}	A		25		
Primary current measuring range	I_{pm}	A	-25		25	
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	V	4.75	5	5.25	
Current consumption	I_{CC}	mA		5	10	
Rated output voltage	V_{FS}	V		± 2		$(V_{out} @ \pm I_{pn}) - V_{off}$
Internal output resistance	R_{out}	Ω		1		@ V_{out}
Quiescent voltage	V_{off}	V	2.48	2.5	2.52	$V_{out} @ 0\text{A}$
Theoretical gain	G_{th}	mV/A		80		$2\text{V} @ I_{pn}$
Non-linearity	Non-L	% I_{pn}		0.5		$\pm I_{pn}$
reaction time	t_{ra}	μs		0.5		@10% of I_{PN}
Step response time	t_{res}	μs		1		@90% of I_{PN}
Delay time	t_{delay}	μs		1		@400 kHz
-3dB band width	BW	kHz		400		Back-end non-RC circuit
Noise DC ~ 10 kHz DC ~ 100 kHz	V_{noise}	mVpp		15 25		
Accuracy @ RT	X	% of I_{pn}	-1		1	@ 25°C
Accuracy	X_{TRange}	% of I_{pn}	-2.5		2.5	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 105^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note:

- Accuracy @ RT, $X = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ 25^{\circ}\text{C}) - (G_{fit} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, Here I_n is the current test current. G_{fit} is the normal temperature fitting gain.
- Accuracy, $X_{TRange} = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ T_x) - (G_{fit@25^{\circ}\text{C}} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, The fitting gain of the product at $G_{fit@25^{\circ}\text{C}}$ is 25°C .

3. Electrical data STK-32CTS/P6

Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{cc} = 5\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary nominal current	I_{pn}	A		32		
Primary current measuring range	I_{pm}	A	-32		32	
Supply voltage	V_{cc}	V	4.75	5	5.25	
Current consumption	I_{cc}	mA		5	10	
Rated output voltage	V_{FS}	V		± 2		$(V_{out} @ \pm I_{pn}) - V_{off}$
Internal output resistance	R_{out}	Ω		1		@ V_{out}
Quiescent voltage	V_{off}	V	2.48	2.5	2.52	$V_{out} @ 0\text{A}$
Theoretical gain	G_{th}	mV/A		62.5		$2\text{V} @ I_{pn}$
Non-linearity	Non-L	% I_{pn}		0.5		$\pm I_{pn}$
reaction time	t_{ra}	μs		0.5		@10% of I_{PN}
Step response time	t_{res}	μs		1		@90% of I_{PN}
Delay time	t_{delay}	μs		1		@400 kHz
-3dB band width	BW	kHz		400		Back-end non-RC circuit
Noise DC ~ 10 kHz DC ~ 100 kHz	V_{noise}	mVpp		15 25		
Accuracy @ RT	X	% of I_{pn}	-1		1	@ 25°C
Accuracy	X_{TRange}	% of I_{pn}	-2.5		2.5	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 105^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note:

1. Accuracy @ RT, $X = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ 25^{\circ}\text{C}) - (G_{fit} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, Here I_n is the current test current. G_{fit} is the normal temperature fitting gain.

2. Accuracy, $X_{TRange} = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ T_x) - (G_{fit}@25^{\circ}\text{C} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, The fitting gain of the product at $G_{fit}@25^{\circ}\text{C}$ is 25°C .

4. Electrical data STK-40CTS/P6

Condition: T_A = 25°C, V_{cc} = 5 V

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary nominal current	I _{pn}	A		40		
Primary current measuring range	I _{pm}	A	-40		40	
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	V	4.75	5	5.25	
Current consumption	I _{cc}	mA		5	10	
Rated output voltage	V _{FS}	V		±2		(V _{out} @ ±I _{pn}) – V _{off}
Internal output resistance	R _{out}	Ω		1		@V _{out}
Quiescent voltage	V _{off}	V	2.48	2.5	2.52	V _{out} @ 0 A
Theoretical gain	G _{th}	mV/A		50		2 V @ I _{pn}
Non-linearity	Non-L	%I _{pn}		0.5		±I _{pn}
reaction time	t _{ra}	μs		0.5		@10% of I _{PN}
Step response time	t _{res}	μs		1		@90% of I _{PN}
Delay time	t _{delay}	μs		1		@400 kHz
-3dB band width	BW	kHz		400		Back-end non-RC circuit
Noise DC ~ 10 kHz DC ~ 100 kHz	V _{noise}	mVpp		15 25		
Accuracy @ RT	X	% of I _{pn}	-1		1	@ 25°C
Accuracy	X _{TRange}	% of I _{pn}	-2		2	-40°C ~ 105°C

Note:

1. Accuracy @ RT, $X = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ 25^\circ\text{C}) - (G_{fit} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^\circ\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, Here I_n is the current test current. G_{fit} is the normal temperature fitting gain.

2. Accuracy, $X_{TRange} = ((V_{out} @ I_n @ T_x) - (G_{fit@25^\circ\text{C}} * I_n + V_{off} @ 25^\circ\text{C})) / V_{FS}$, The fitting gain of the product at G_{fit@25 °C} is 25 °C.

5. Frequency band width

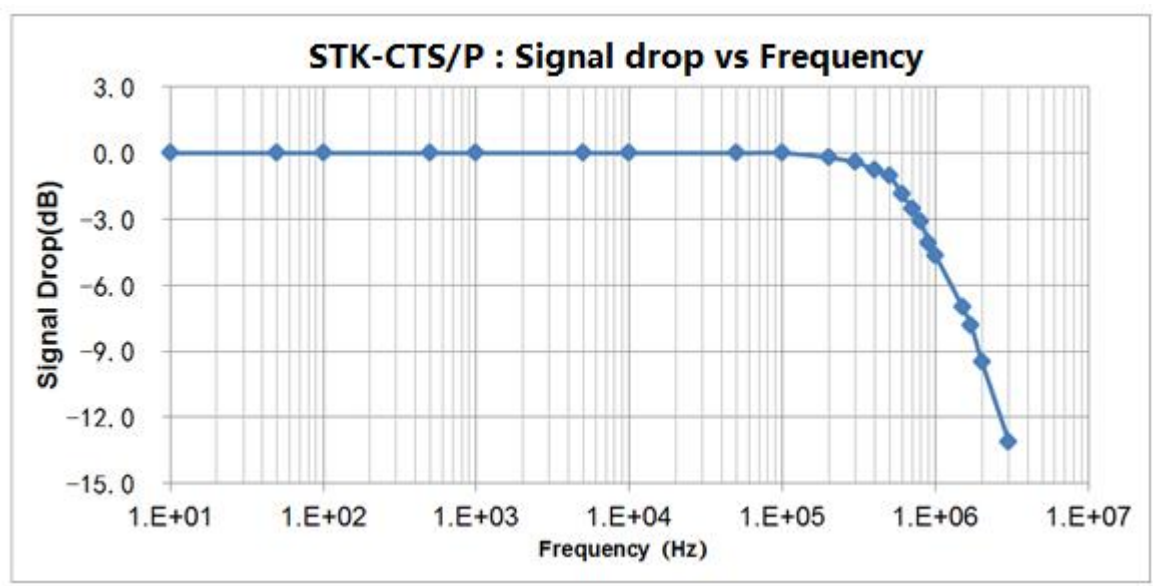


Fig.1 the band width of STK-CTS/P series current sensors. The bandwidth of the sensor is in the range of DC ~400 kHz (-3 dB).

6. Response time & noise with typical circuit

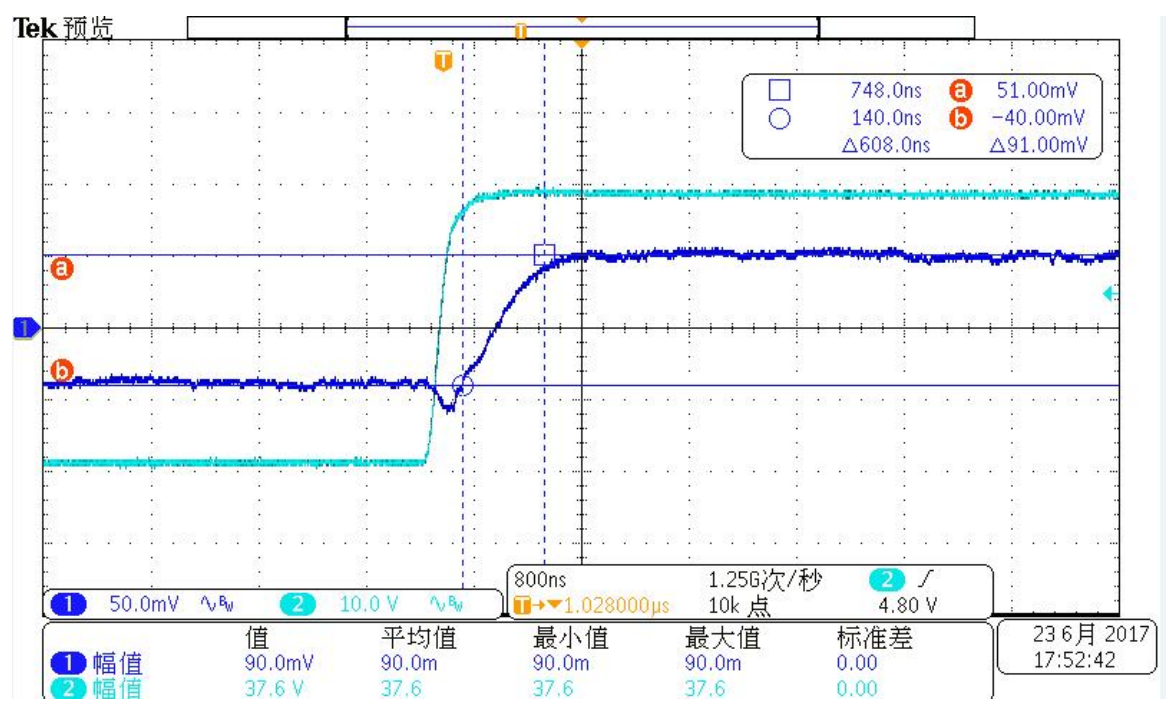


Fig.2 the step response time of STK-CTS/P current sensors. The light blue is primary current, while the dark blue is output signal of current sensor. The delay from 90% of the original current signal to 90% of the output of the sensor is less than 1us.

7. Frequency delay performace

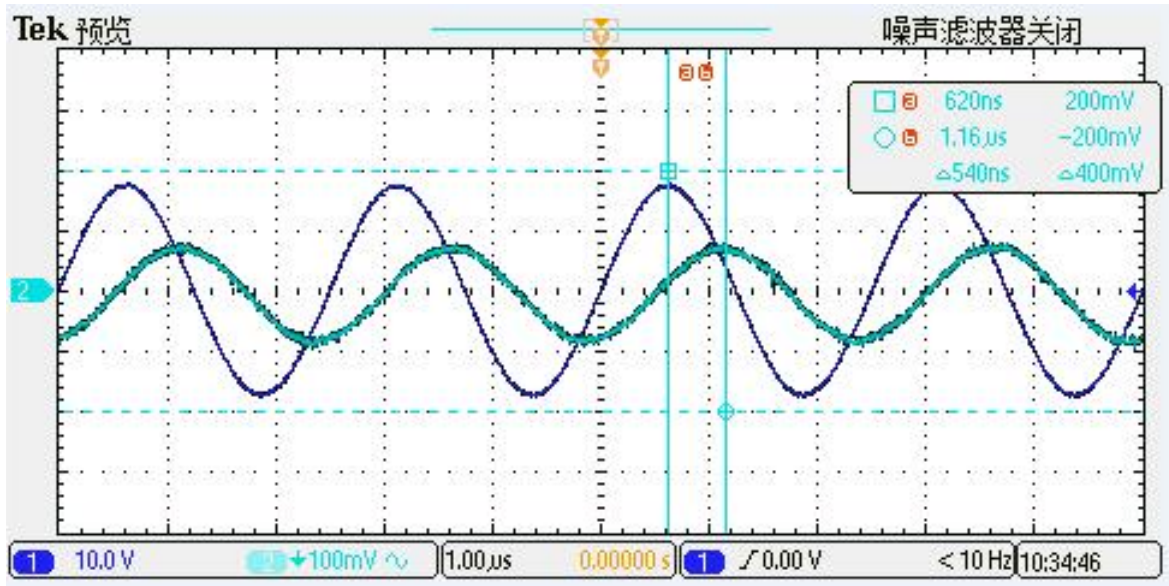


Fig.3 when detection the primary current with a frequency of 400 kHz. The typical results of the output of STK-CTS/P current sensor on the primary current delay characteristics. The delay time from primary current (light blue) to the output of the sensor (dark blue) is less than us.

8. STK-CTS/P6 Dimensions & Pins & Footprint

